# Environics Institute For Survey Research



Democracy and political polarization in Canada and the U.S.

Results from the Americas Barometer 2021

December 2021

#### About the Americas Barometer

- The AmericasBarometer is led by the Latin American Public opinion Project (LAPOP) at Vanderbilt University. It consists of a periodic comparative survey of democratic values and behaviours that covers countries in North, Central and South America, as well as a significant number of countries in the Caribbean (the 2021 survey covers 22 countries).
- The AmericasBarometer 2021 survey in Canada was conducted by the Environics Institute for Survey Research, in partnership with LAPOP at Vanderbilt University. The Canadian survey was conducted online with a representative sample of 2,201 Canadians (aged 18 and over) between July 2 and July 7, 2021.
- AmericasBarometer data for the United States were supplied by the Latin American Public Opinion Project at Vanderbilt University, which takes no responsibility for any interpretation of the data. The 2021 survey in the U.S. was conducted online with a representative sample of 1,500 Americans (aged 18 and over) between July 19 and July 25, 2021.



# The following questions were included in both the Canadian and American surveys in 2021:

- In general, would you say that you are very satisfied, satisfied, dissatisfied or very dissatisfied with the way democracy works in [country]?
- Democracy may have problems, but it is better than any other form of government. To what extent do you agree or disagree with this statement?
- To what extent do you...
  - ... respect the political institutions of [country]?
  - ...think that citizens' basic rights are well-protected by the political system of [country]?
  - ...feel proud of living under the political system of [country]?
  - ...think that one should support the political system of [country]?
  - ...trust the mass media?
  - ...trust elections in this country?

- To what extent do you...
  - ..trust the Prime Minister of Canada/the President?
- To what extent are you proud of being a Canadian/an American?
- Here are some things that can happen during elections. Would you say they happen always, sometimes or never in [country]?
  - Votes are counted correctly and fairly.
  - The rich buy the election results.
  - Politicians can find out who each person voted for.
  - Some foreign governments may influence the election results of [country].



# Key findings (I): Political polarization in the U.S.

The U.S. is "polarized" in the following three senses:

- 1. A significant proportion of the population place themselves at either end of the political spectrum, rather than in the centre (and this pattern is becoming more accentuated over time).
- 2. Each of the two main parties attracts most of its support from either end of the political spectrum, rather than from the centre.
- 3. There are significant gaps in trust in the political system between those who identify as liberals and those who identify as conservatives.



# Key findings (II): Canada

- In contrast to the situation in the United States, Canadians on the political left and right have generally become less divided on questions about democracy (left and right have grown less polarized).
- Each of the three main federal political parties draws most of its support from people who place themselves in the middle of the political spectrum.
- Overall levels of trust in democratic institutions in Canada are either stable or increasing over time.
- Pride in being Canadian has declined over the past four years; some of this decline may be related to recent revelations about the mistreatment of Indigenous Peoples.



# Measuring "political ideology"

#### Survey question wording differs slightly between the two countries

In the United States (liberal ⇔ conservative):

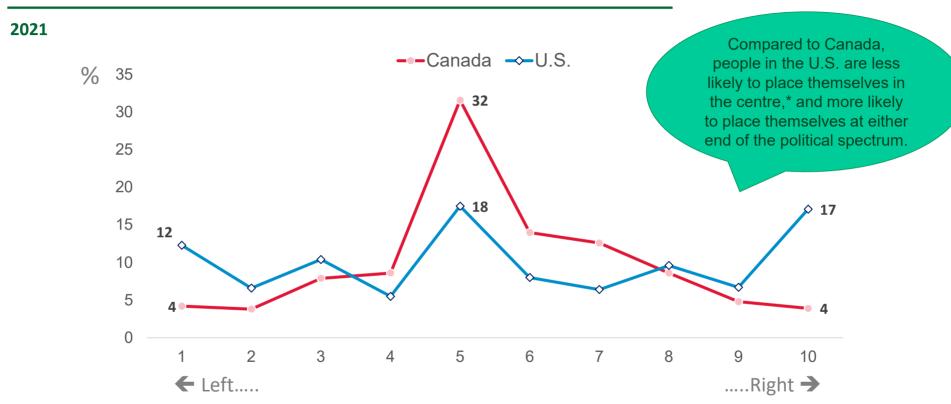
• This is a 1-10 scale that goes from **liberal to conservative**. One means liberal and 10 means conservative. Nowadays, when we speak of political leanings, we talk of liberals and conservatives. In other words, some people sympathize more with the liberals and others with the conservatives. According to the meaning that the terms "liberals" and "conservatives" have for you, and thinking of your own political leanings, where would you place yourself on this scale?

In Canada (left  $\Leftrightarrow$  right [to avoid confusion with names of political parties]):

• The following scale goes from **left to right**, where "1" means LEFT and "10" means RIGHT. Nowadays, when we speak of political leanings, we talk of those on the left and those on the right. In other words, some people sympathize more with the left and others with the right. According to the meaning that the terms "left" and "right" have for you, and thinking of your own political leanings, where would you place yourself on this scale?



# Political ideology: On a scale of 1 to 10



According to the meaning that the terms 'left' and 'right' have for you, and thinking of your own political leanings, where would you place yourself on this scale? (10-point scale).

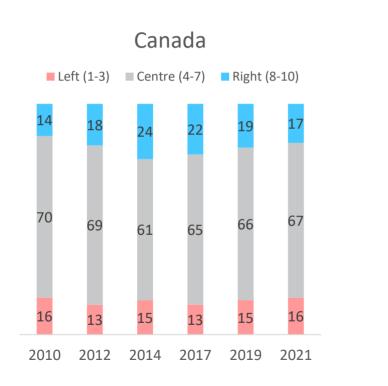


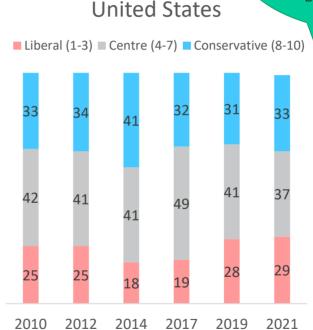
<sup>\*</sup> Note: a 10-point scale has no mid-point; however, it appears that many respondents assumed that 5 was in the middle.

# Political ideology: Left, centre and right

2010-2021

The U.S. centre has shrunk by 12 points since 2017, while the left (liberals) has grown by 10 points. There has been less change in Canada.



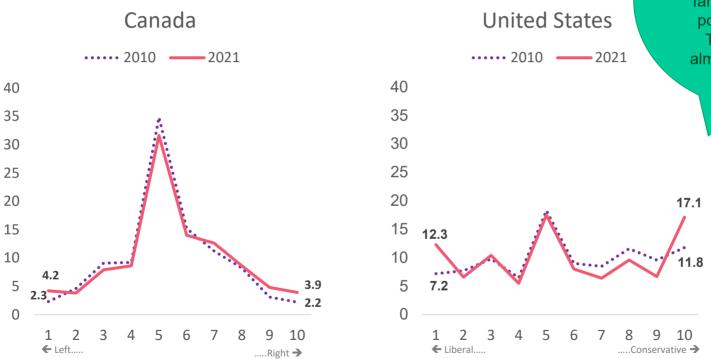


According to the meaning that the terms 'left' and 'right' have for you, and thinking of your own political leanings, where would you place yourself on this scale? (10-point scale; left = 1 to 3; centre = 4 to 7; right = 8 to 10).



# Political ideology: On a scale of 1 to 10





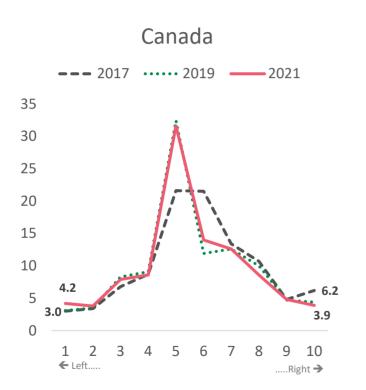
According to the meaning that the terms 'left' and 'right' have for you, and thinking of your own political leanings, where would you place yourself on this scale? (10-point scale; left = 1 to 3; centre = 4 to 7; right = 8 to 10).

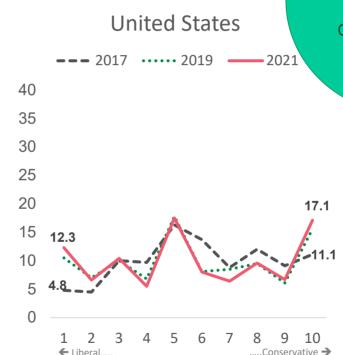




# Political ideology: On a scale of 1 to 10

2017-2021





Compared to 2017,
Americans are now
more likely to place
themselves at the
farthest ends of the
political spectrum.
Canadians are more
likely to place
themselves in the
centre.

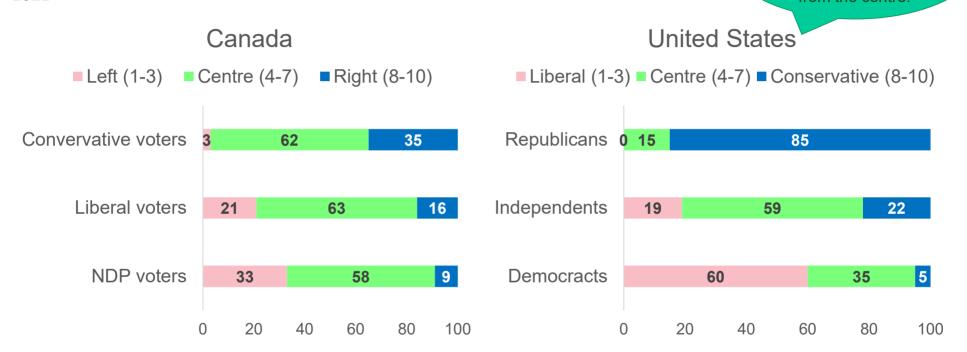
According to the meaning that the terms 'left' and 'right' have for you, and thinking of your own political leanings, where would you place yourself on this scale? (10-point scale; left = 1 to 3; centre = 4 to 7; right = 8 to 10).



# Political ideology, by vote intention

U.S. parties draw support from either end of the spectrum; Canadian parties draw from the centre

2021





<sup>\*</sup> In Canada, party support is based on a question about vote preference; in the U.S., it is based on a question about which party you identify with.

### Summary: Left/right divisions on key measures

Measure	Canada: Left % minus Right %	United States: Liberal % minus Conservative%
A lot of support for the country's political system	- 10 pts	- 27 pts
A lot of pride in living under the country's political system	- 3 pts	- 31 pts
A lot of trust in the Prime Minister/President	- 6 pts	+ 41 pts
A lot of pride in being a Canadian/an American	- 6 pts	- 46 pts
It always happens that votes are counted correctly and fairly in elections in Canada/the U.S.	+ 14 pts	+ 54 pts

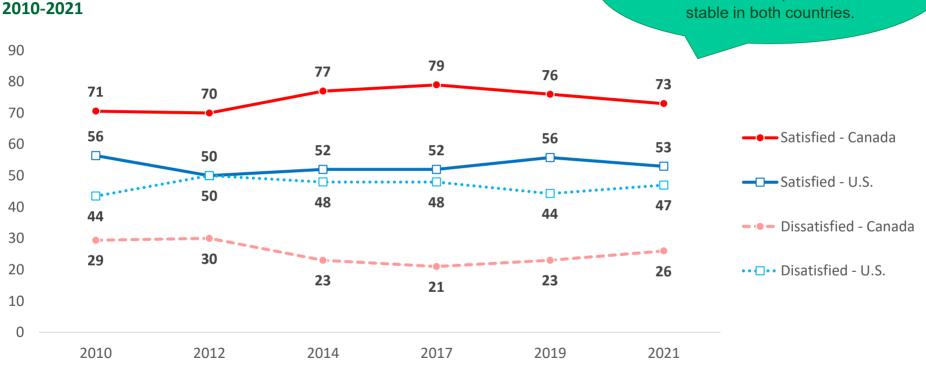


(details follow).



## Satisfaction with democracy

Satisfaction with democracy is significantly higher in Canada than in the U.S.; the trend is stable in both countries.



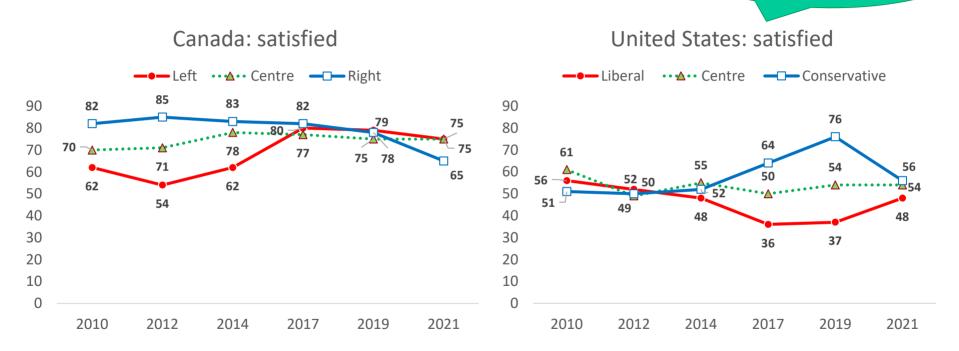
Would you say that you are very satisfied, satisfied, dissatisfied or very dissatisfied with the way democracy works in [country]?



### Satisfaction with democracy, by political ideology

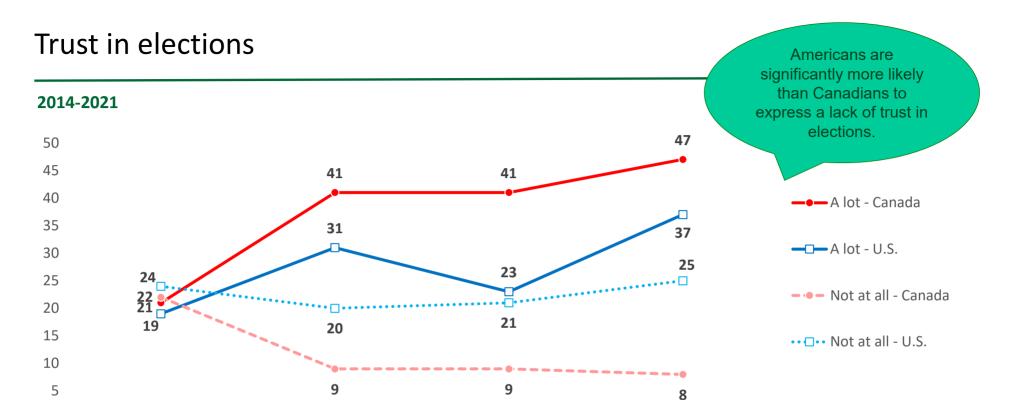
In Canada, convergence of satisfaction with democracy under Trudeau; in the U.S., divergence under Trump.

2010-2021



Would you say that you are very satisfied, satisfied, dissatisfied or very dissatisfied with the way democracy works in [country]?







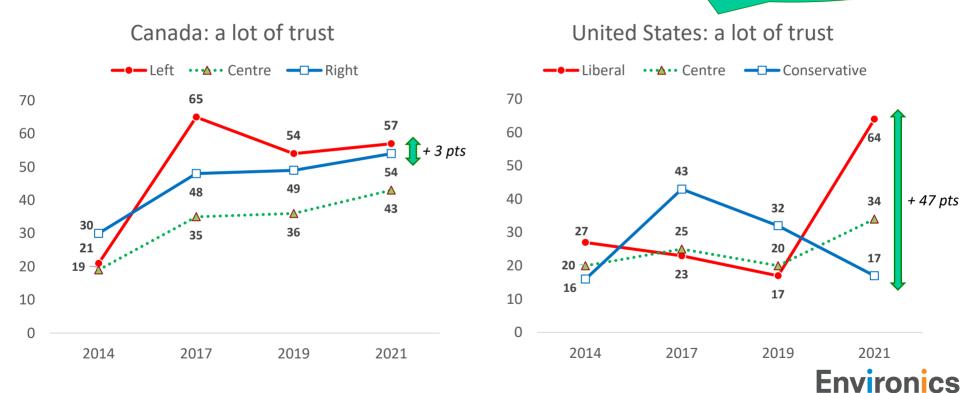
To what extent do you trust elections in this country? (7-point scale: a lot = 6 & 7/not at all = 1 & 2)

#### Trust in elections, by political ideology

Trust in elections has become tied to political ideology in the U.S., but not in Canada.

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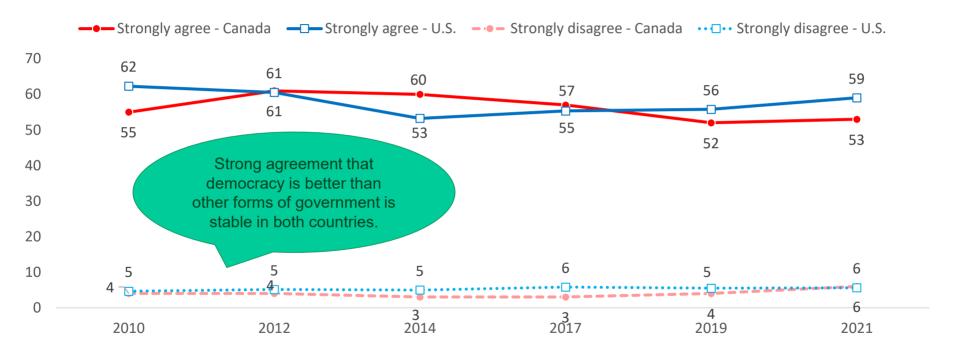
#### 2014-2021



To what extent do you trust elections in this country? (7-point scale: a lot = 6 & 7)

#### Democracy may have problems, but it is better than any other form of government

#### 2010-2021

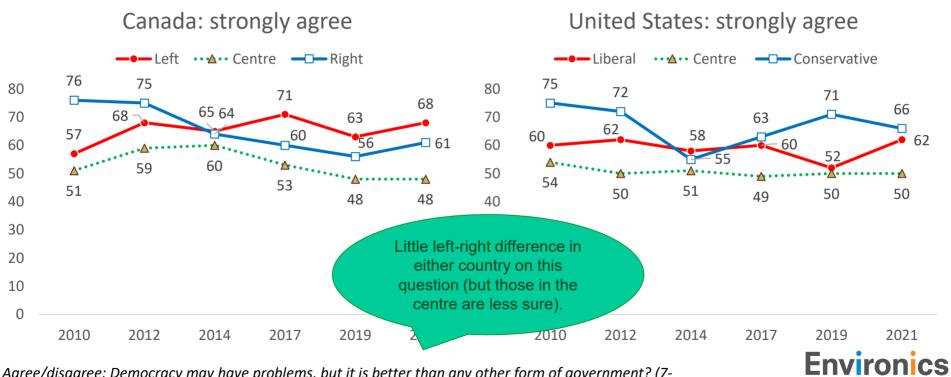


Agree/disagree: Democracy may have problems, but it is better than any other form of government? (7-point scale: strongly agree = 6 & 7/strongly disagree = 1 & 2)



#### Democracy is better than any other form of government, by political ideology

#### 2010-2021



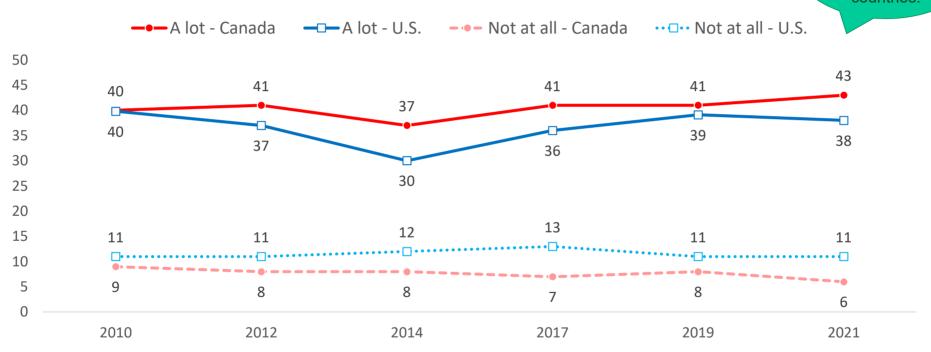
Institute

Agree/disagree: Democracy may have problems, but it is better than any other form of government? (7-point scale: strongly agree = 6 & 7)

### Support for the country's political system

Strong support for the country's political system is stable in both countries.

#### 2010-2021

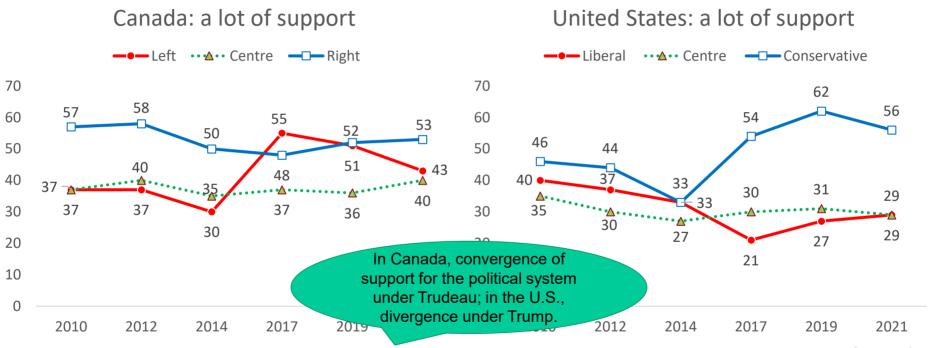


To what extent do you think that one should support the political system of [country]? (7-point scale: a lot =  $6 \& 7/not \ at \ all = 1 \& 2$ )



### Support for the country's political system, by political ideology

#### 2010-2021



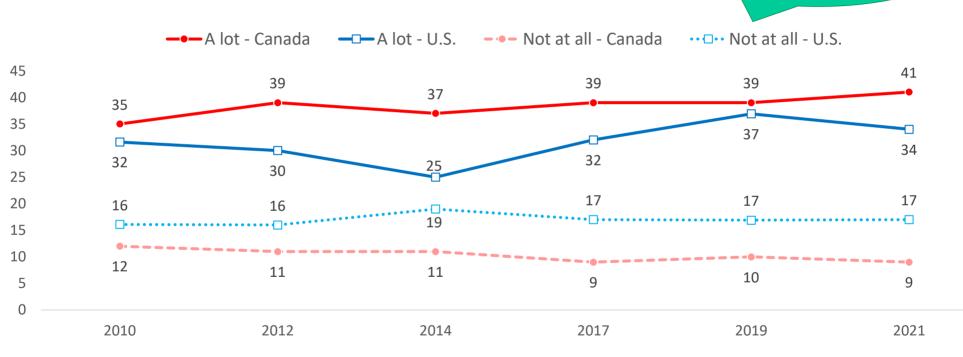
To what extent do you think that one should support the political system of [country]? (7-point scale: a lot = 6 & 7)



### Feel proud living under the political system

No change in the U.S.; some gradual improvement in pride in the political system in Canada.

2010-2021

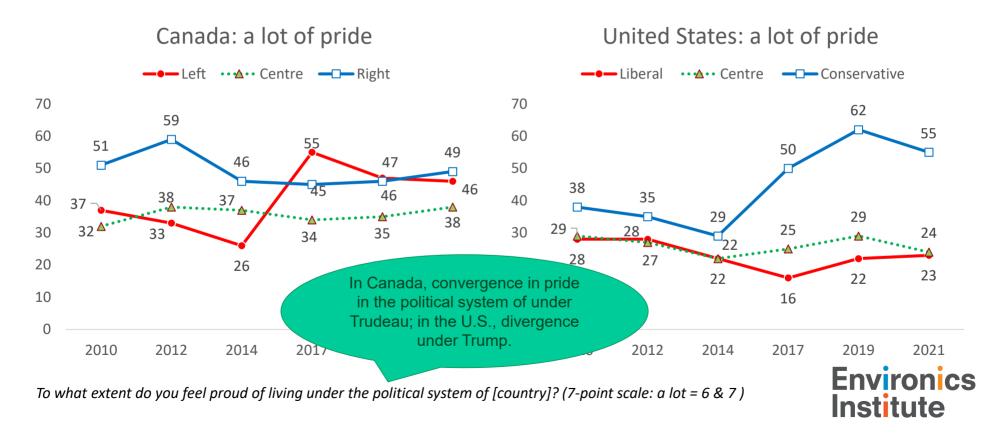


To what extent do you feel proud of living under the political system of [country]? (7-point scale: a lot = 6 & 7/not at all = 1 & 2)



#### Feel proud living under the political system, by political ideology

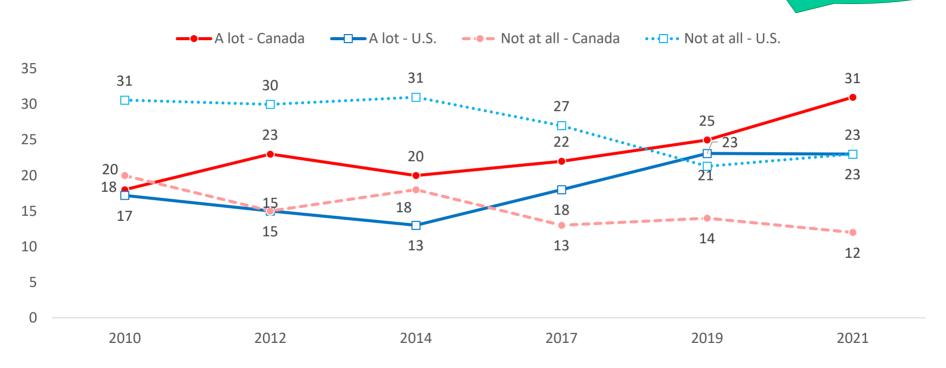
#### 2010-2021



### Respect for political institutions

Some gradual improvement in both countries.

#### 2010-2021



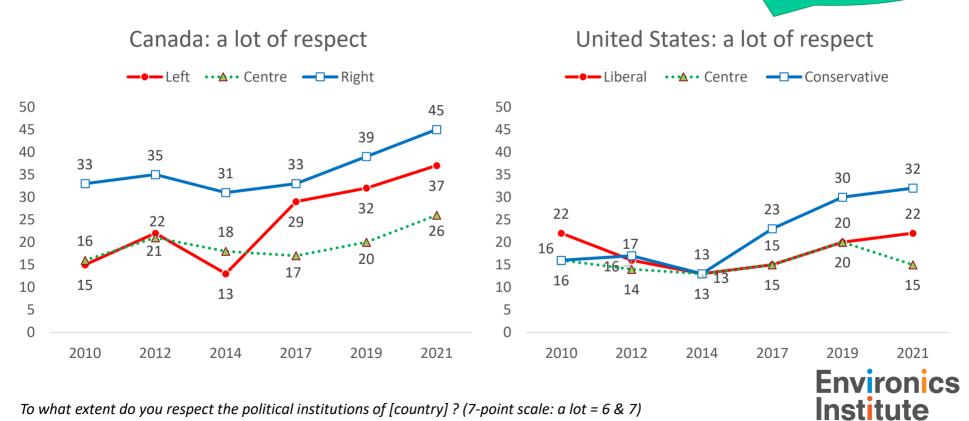
To what extent do you respect the political institutions of [country]? (7-point scale: a lot = 6 & 7/not at all = 1 & 2)



### Respect for political institutions, by political ideology

In both countries, improvement among both left and right, but the centre lags.



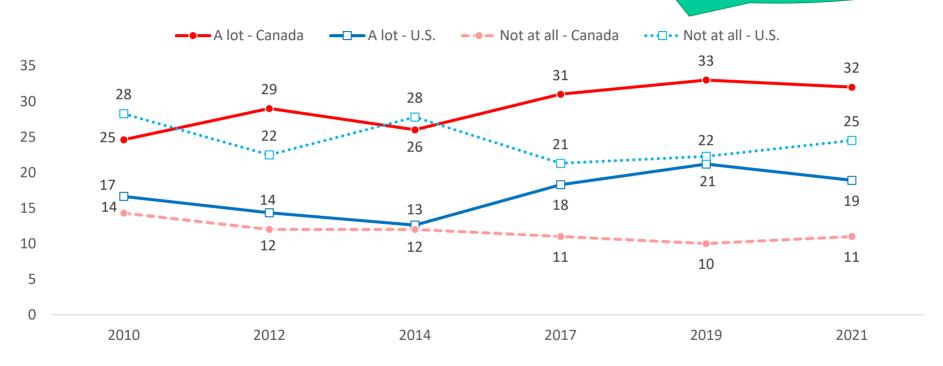


To what extent do you respect the political institutions of [country]? (7-point scale: a lot = 6 & 7)

### Citizens' basic rights are well-protected

Americans are more likely to disagree than to agree that basic rights are well-protected; Canadians are three times more likely to agree than to disagree.

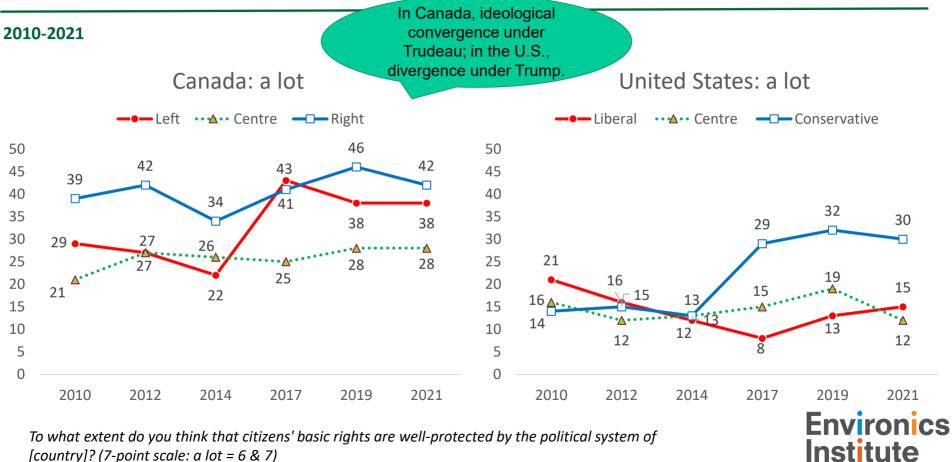
#### 2010-2021



To what extent do you think that citizens' basic rights are well-protected by the political system of [country]? (7-point scale: a lot = 6 & 7/not at all = 1 & 2)



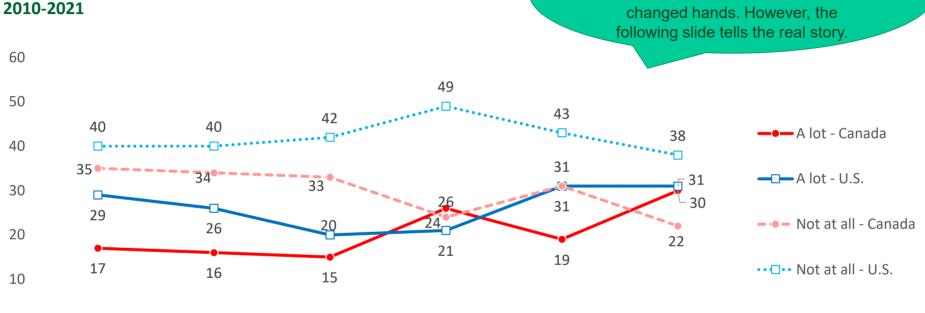
#### Citizens' basic rights are well-protected, by political ideology



[country]? (7-point scale: a lot = 6 & 7)

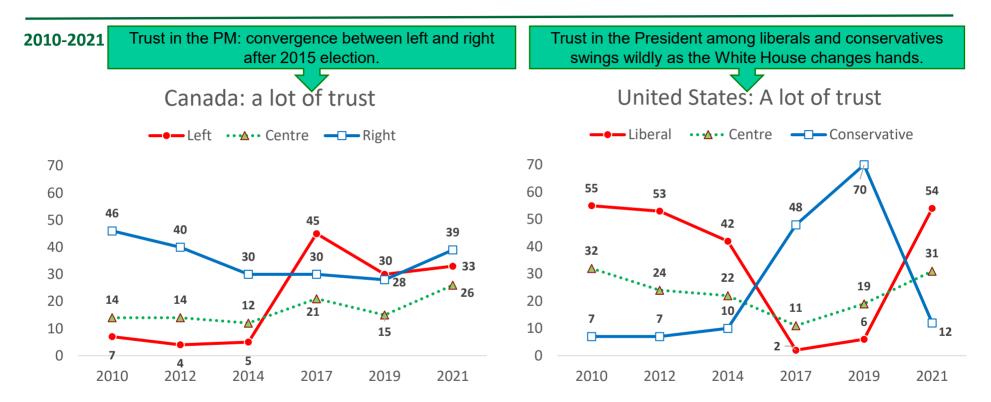
### Trust in the Prime Minister/President

In the U.S., overall trust in the President remains low, and did not shift much as the White House changed hands. However, the following slide tells the real story.





#### Trust in the Prime Minister/President, by political ideology

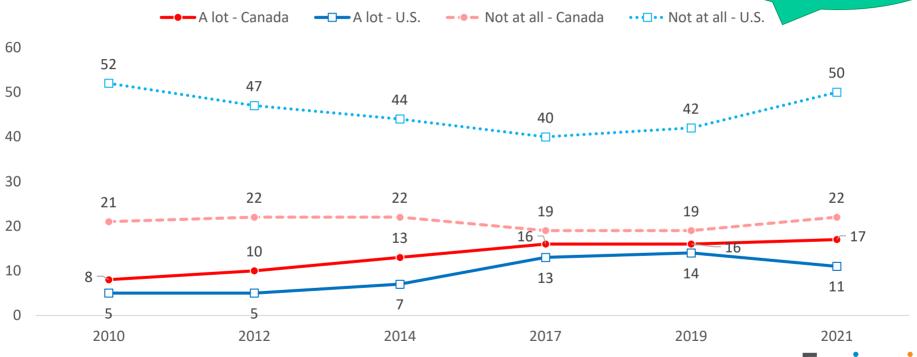




#### Trust in the mass media

Americans are twice a likely as Canadians to have low trust in the mass media.

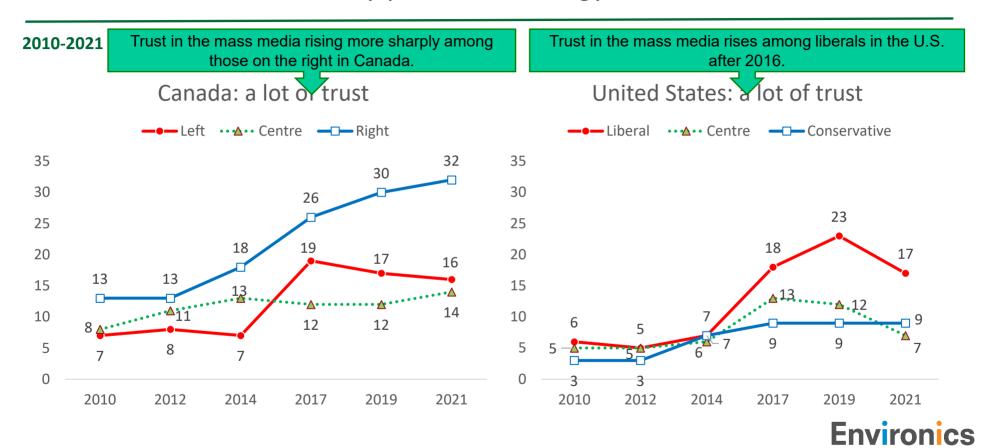
#### 2010-2021



To what extent do you trust the mass media? (7-point scale: a lot = 6 & 7/not at all = 1 & 2)



### Trust in the mass media, by political ideology



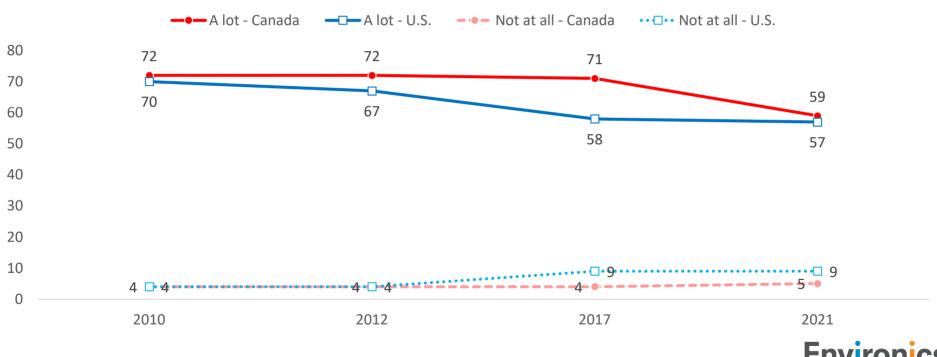
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To what extent do you trust the mass media? (7-point scale: a lot = 6 & 7)

#### National pride

National pride has edged downward in both countries, but for different reasons.

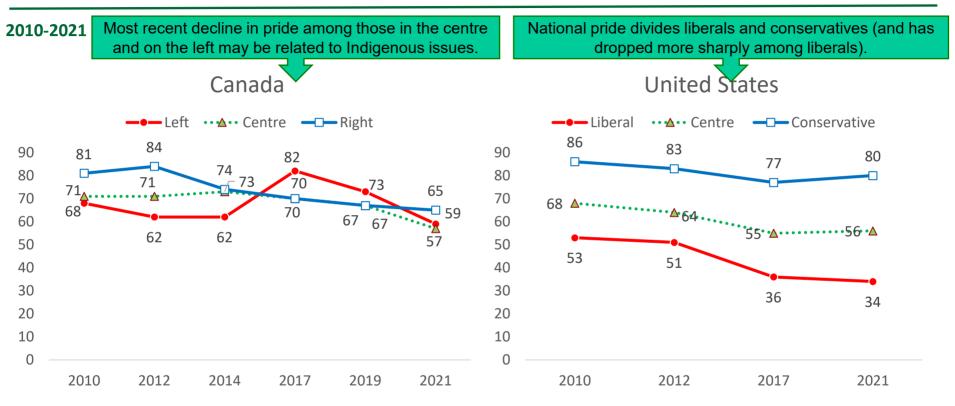
2010-2021



To what extent are you proud of being a Canadian/an American? (7-point scale: a lot = 6 & 7/not at all = 1 & 2)



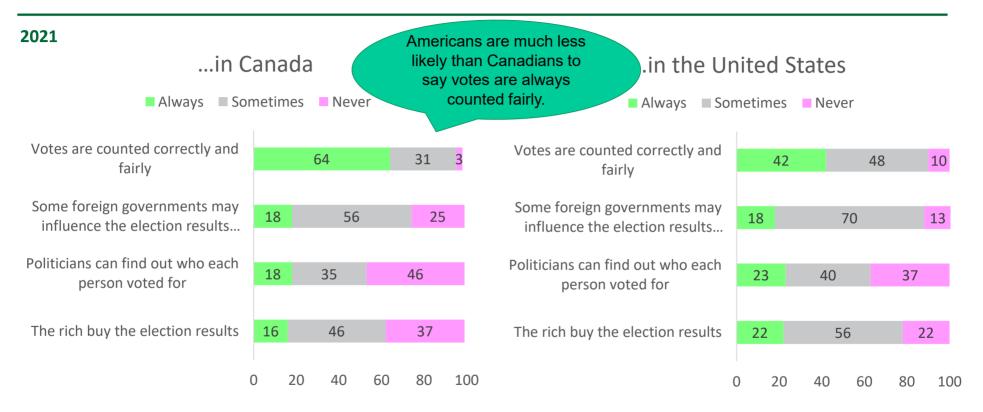
#### National pride, by political ideology



To what extent are you proud of being a Canadian/an American? (7-point scale: a lot = 6 & 7)

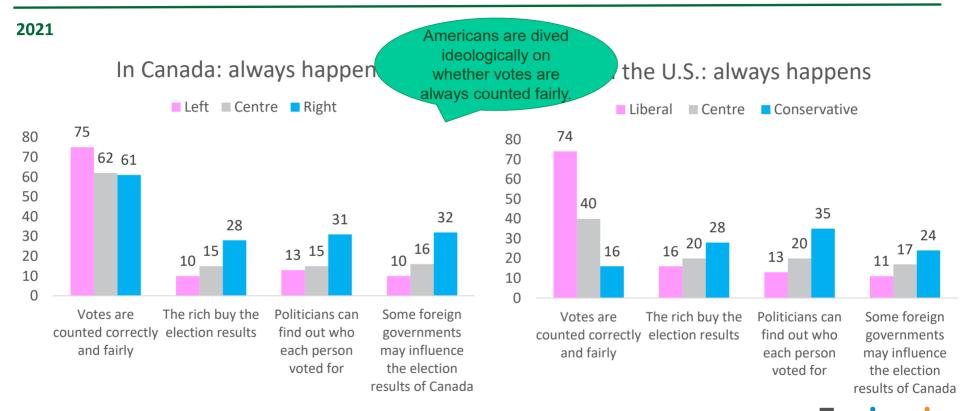


## Would you say the following can happen during elections...?



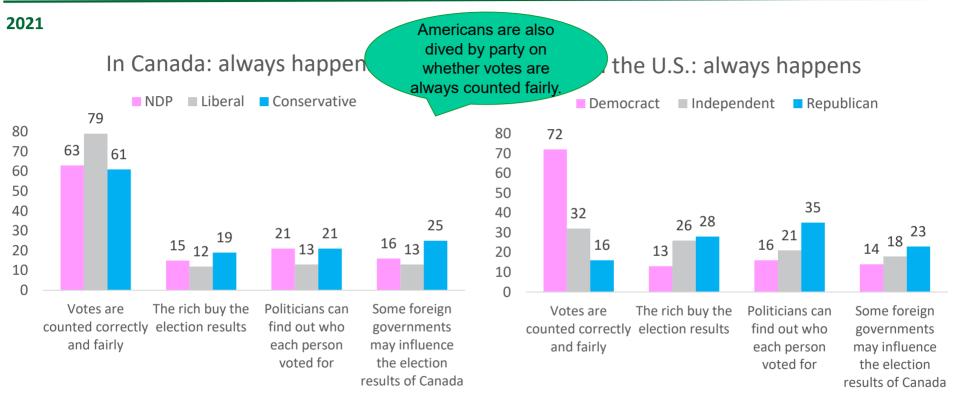


# Always happens during elections, by political ideology





## Always happens during elections, by party support\*



Would you say the following can happen during elections in Canada/in the United States?



<sup>\*</sup> In Canada, party support is based on a question about vote preference; in the U.S., it is based on a question about which party you identify with.

# **Environics Institute**

For Survey Research

Andrew Parkin Executive Director

andrew.parkin@environics.ca @parkinac

#### Get in touch

900-33 Bloor Street East, Toronto, ON M4W 3H1

environicsinstitute.org

info@environicsinstitute.org

@Environics\_Ins